a grant under the program from which it seeks funding; and

(iii) Has not had an active discretionary grant from the Federal Government in the five years before the deadline date for applications under the program.

(2) In the case of a group application submitted in accordance with §§ 75.127–75.129, a group that includes only parties that meet the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

- (b) For the purposes of paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section, a grant is active until the end of the grant's project or funding period, including any extensions of those periods that extend the grantee's authority to obligate funds.
- (c) If the Secretary determines that special consideration of novice applications is appropriate, the Secretary may either—
- (1) Establish a separate competition for novice applicants; or
- (2) Give competitive preference to novice applicants under the procedures in 34 CFR 75.105(c)(2).
- (d) Before making a grant to a novice applicant, the Secretary imposes special conditions, if necessary, to ensure the grant is managed effectively and project objectives are achieved.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474) [66 FR 60138, Nov. 30, 2001; 67 FR 4316, Jan. 29, 2002]

PROCEDURES TO MAKE A GRANT

§75.230 How the Department makes a grant; purpose of §§75.231-75.236.

If the Secretary selects an application under §§ 75.217, 75.220, or 75.222, the Secretary follows the procedures in §§ 75.231–75.236 to set the amount and determine the conditions of a grant. Sections 75.235–75.236 also apply to grants under formula grant programs.

CROSS REFERENCE: See §75.200 How applications for new grants are selected for funding.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

§75.231 Additional information.

After selecting an application for funding, the Secretary may require the applicant to submit additional information.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

§ 75.232 The cost analysis; basis for grant amount.

- (a) Before the Secretary sets the amount of a new grant, the Secretary does a cost analysis of the project. The Secretary:
- (1) Verifies the cost data in the detailed budget for the project;
- (2) Evaluates specific elements of costs: and
- (3) Examines costs to determine if they are necessary, reasonable, and allowable under applicable statutes and regulations.
- (b) The Secretary uses the cost analysis as a basis for determining the amount of the grant to the applicant. The cost analysis shows whether the applicant can achieve the objectives of the project with reasonable efficiency and economy under the budget in the application.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

[45 FR 22497, Apr. 3, 1980. Redesignated at 45 FR 77368, Nov. 21, 1980, as amended at 59 FR 30261, June 10, 1994]

§ 75.233 Setting the amount of the grant.

- (a) Subject to any applicable matching or cost-sharing requirements, the Secretary may fund up to 100 percent of the allowable costs in the applicant's budget.
- (b) In deciding what percentage of the allowable costs to fund, the Secretary may consider any other financial resources available to the applicant.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

[57 FR 30338, July 8, 1992]

§ 75.234 The conditions of the grant.

- (a) The Secretary makes a grant to an applicant only after determining—
 - (1) The approved costs; and
 - (2) Any special conditions.
- (b) In awarding a cooperative agreement, the Secretary includes conditions that state the explicit character and extent of anticipated collaboration between the Department and the recipient.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

[57 FR 30338, July 8, 1992]